

FOUNDLING REPLACED HEIR.

COURT EXPOSES A FRAUD DEAD MOTHER ATTEMPTED.

When the Baby Daughter of John Mayer Died a Week From the Asylum Took Her Place and Was Declared Heiress—Suit on Her Behalf Thrown Out.

An effort of the late Annie F. Mayer to foist a foundling on the court as a child of her alleged deceased husband, John F. Mayer, and therefore heir to his realty, was judicially branded as a fraud yesterday by decision of Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court. The foundling, Mary Hedde, who was called Margaretta Pearl Mayer after the child she was procured to replace, becomes, however, the owner of 500 Flushing avenue, Brooklyn, as the result of her passive and innocent part in the attempted fraud.

The property involved in the present litigation is the status of the infant claimant, 184½ Hudson street, worth about \$8,000. It has passed, pending litigation over this infant, into the hands of persons not connected with the original suit. By the will of Elizabeth Mayer it would have gone to her son, John F. Mayer, but he predeceased his mother, dying in March, 1895. By the terms of her will it would go to his heirs and if he had no heirs it would go to Mrs. Elizabeth Mayer's grandsons, Charles A. and John F. Flammer.

Five months after the death of John F. Mayer a child, Margaretta, was born to his widow, Annie F. Mayer. Relatives of John F. Mayer had not heard of his marriage. Disregarding the alleged marriage and child the Flammers procured letters of administration on the estate of their uncle and conveyed the property in suit to their father, William G. Flammer.

In June, 1896, the heirship of Margaretta was established and the administration to the Flammers was revoked. Justice Greenbaum says that this child Margaretta, whom he calls a natural child of John F. Mayer and Annie F. Mayer, died on July 31, 1896. A certificate of the Board of Health of Philadelphia of the result of a coroner's inquest showed that a child, Margaret Myers, died on July 31, 1896, at 184½ Hudson street, in that city. The record of the inquest showed that Annie Myers, mother of the infant, swore it was 11 months old and had been born in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, of cholera infantum. It was also shown at the inquest that the child had resided at 500 Flushing avenue, Brooklyn, which was the address of Annie F. Mayer.

Records of the New York Foundling Asylum presented to Justice Greenbaum show that on Sept. 11 of the same year, Anna Frances Mayer, then residing at 685 Eighth avenue, obtained the child Mary Hedde which was born on July 7, 1894, and taken into the institution twelve days later. The mother, Mrs. Mayer, consulted counsel, who had no reason to suspect that the child she presented was not the child of John F. Mayer, and in June, 1896, suit was begun against William G. Flammer in May, 1897, to recover the property in the name of the child, Annie F. Mayer, suing as guardian.

The suit had not come to trial when Mrs. Annie F. Mayer died on July 18, 1898, at 685 Eighth avenue. The adopted child was taken by Miss Margaretta, sister of Mrs. Annie F. Mayer. The will of Mrs. Mayer left to this sister all her property except 500 Flushing avenue, which she devised to the infant claimant.

Several affidavits were presented showing that the present Margaretta was identified as the Margaretta found to be the heir in June, 1896, and that she was the child of this Margaretta, who closely resembles the late John F. Mayer.

"I am reasonably certain, however," says Justice Greenbaum, "upon a careful perusal and consideration of all the affidavits and facts that Margaretta Mayer, the natural child of John F. Mayer and Annie F. Mayer, died on July 31, 1896, that she was dead ten months before the commencement of this action, and that the present claimant is the adopted and substituted child of Mary Hedde, known as Margaretta Pearl Mayer."

There is no intimation in the opinion of the court that the parties and counsel acting in behalf of the infant claimant had reason to know until yesterday by the court's decision that this alleged heir of John F. Mayer was bogus.

The motion by which it was sought to revive the old litigation over this property in behalf of the existent Margaretta Pearl Mayer was denied by Justice Greenbaum.

JOHNNY QUILTS THE ISLANDS.

Monopoly of Selling Papers to the Hospitals Passes to 'Red' Barnett.

Johnny Mangos, a brown-faced youngster who for ten years has had the monopoly of selling newspapers to the patients, doctors, nurses and employees of all the hospitals on Blackwell's and Ward's Islands and Bellevue, is to be replaced. The business is no small one, when the thousands of persons contained in those institutions is taken into account. For years the privilege was held by Johnny's uncle, William Stelling. Johnny got the privilege from him when he was 8 years old and has held it ever since.

"How much do I make?" he said yesterday. "Oh, I dunno. It all depends. It's a good graft on de level an' I got a swell little bunch of money all right off it. Me uncle's takin' care of it right for me. Yes, I guess there's five thousand or so. No, I ain't going to buy no automobiles nor live at de Waldorf. De East Side's good enuff for me, but I'm gettin' too big ter sell papers. For mine a less plumber is a good job an' I'm going ter set up in de business."

"Git married? Well, you got a nerve. I ain't 'git' 'nition no person's name but maybe I might."

"Give de route away? Nite! 'Red' here, 'Red' Barnett he's got it, 'Red' here, 'Red' here. He's been cuttin' in on me lately anyhow. De Commissioner let him in on me. But dat ain't de reason I'm retirin'. I'm just wantin' 't' git out of dis place where dere's so many sick people and bad houses. I might get better luck de place. An' sellin' papers is a kid's job 'less you can't git nothin' better. To-day's me last. So long!"

The coming of the paper boy is the event of the day anxiously waited for by thousands of the city's sick.

"Will the new fellow be straight?" asked one of them yesterday. Johnny never skint nobody on de charge an' he'd trust you fer a week."

WOODRUFF WAS NASON'S BACKER.

Man Indicted for Fraud Named for City Job by Lieutenant-Governor.

It turns out that Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff was principally responsible for the appointment of former Coroner George H. Nason to an \$1,800 a year official job as an examining inspector in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts. According to Commissioner William Hepburn Russell, Woodruff was Nason's chief backer. Commissioner of Justice Jacob Brenner, chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, recommended him too. Mr. Russell made this statement yesterday: "Mr. Nason has been appointed an examining inspector in this office for a probationary term of sixty days. We did not know of the fact that he had been indicted in Kings county for alleged fraud while he was Coroner. All there was of it is that he was highly recommended by the Republican organization in Brooklyn."

"Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff wrote me about the matter and also came here to see me. I propose to write to Judge Brenner and Mr. Woodruff, asking them to explain the matter, and will determine whether he should be continued in the office. I have also written a letter to Mr. Nason, requesting him to send me a statement of his side of the story."

Mr. Russell said that the appointment, as usual, was referred to Mayor Low, but that he believed that the Mayor had no further knowledge of Nason's indictment than himself. In fact, he added, none of them was aware that Nason had ever held public office before.

MISSING BATHERS RAN AWAY?

Police Not Sure That Gray and Hollenberg Were Drowned at Coney Island.

The disappearance of James A. Gray and Henry Walker Hollenberg at Coney Island on Thursday and the finding of their clothes in adjoining bathhouses was accounted for naturally enough at first by the supposition that they had been drowned in the surf. But yesterday the police of Coney Island intimated that the two men had gone away, leaving their clothes for the purpose of giving the impression that they were drowned.

This new theory of the police is based on the fact that no money and jewelry was found in the clothing of either of the men. Hollenberg's collar, cuffs and sleeve buttons are also missing.

Hollenberg was a piano salesman. He had been married two months. His mother, Mrs. H. C. Hollenberg of Chicago, left home yesterday for this city.

The police have less doubt about the fate of Gray. John Farlow of 63 Park street went to Coney Island station yesterday and told the police that while in swimming on Thursday he saw a man answering Gray's description fall from the life raft. The man didn't come to the surface, Farlow said.

The police do not believe the reports that Gray and Hollenberg were strangers. The men have been seen together playing the races in a South Brooklyn poolroom.

ARRESTED FOR POLITICS?

Magistrate Discharges a Man Accused by a Patrolman of Drunkenness.

George Olsen, 25 years old, of 178 Twenty-sixth street, who served on the cruiser New York during the Spanish war and now is employed in the navy yard, was arrested by Magistrate Dooley in the Butler street police court, Brooklyn, yesterday, charged with intoxication. The complainant was Patrolman Daniel Marks of the Fourth avenue station.

For Assistant Corporation Counsel Luke D. Stapleton and former Councilman William A. Doyle have been waging a bitter political battle in the Seventh Assembly district, the one claiming to be a Democrat and the other a Republican. Olsen is one of Stapleton's followers, and it is said that Olsen's arrest was due to the political fight.

Olsen denied being drunk. He said that the patrolman without the slightest provocation struck him in the face and then clubbed him. He produced his honorary discharge from the navy and a certificate which showed that his record for sobriety was "54-excellent," the highest rating a man can get.

Magistrate Dooley honorably discharged the man.

FISHERMAN BADLY TREATED.

Wallace Clubbed for Fishing in Reservoir—Was on His Own Property.

PATERSON, Aug. 15.—A crowd of 500 villagers at Bloomingdale last night threatened to mob Constable Frederick Smith and Samuel Briggs, an East Jersey Water Company employee, for the brutal way they had treated Edward Wallace, an old farmer, who is well known and respected in the community. Wallace had been fishing in the reservoir of the water company from his own grounds, which abut on the reservoir, and Briggs, with the assistance of the constable, clubbed him and manacled him, although he made no resistance. They took him to Justice Donald's office at Bloomingdale, but the Justice was not at home. They waited outside the office two hours, with the old farmer bleeding and in manacles. The crowd grew and threatened the constables. The latter tried to get Wallace away from the crowd, but in pushing him the old man fell over and his head went crashing through the window. This thoroughly aroused the crowd and the old man was released. Finally they were before another Justice and gave bail. Wallace came to this city and retained a lawyer to-day.

BOYS TRIED TO SAVE HIM.

Young Kracks Drowned in Spite of Heroic Efforts of Two Youth.

Eight-year-old Charles Krack of 1206 Avenue A fell into the East River yesterday afternoon while playing on the dock at the foot of Sixty-third street. One of the back cranes which make that part of the river so dangerous to swimmers caught the boy and carried him swiftly up to the pier. Of seventy-fourth street, when he had risen from the water a couple of times, he was noticed by two fifteen-year-old boys, William Kratz of 416 East Seventy-sixth street and Peter Flynn of 438 East Eighty-third street, who were taking a sun bath on the pier. They dived into the water at once and struggled for several minutes with fine courage and perseverance to rescue the drowning boy. He was carried away from them by the current, however, and disappeared before they could reach him.

AN AUSTIN CORBIN ESTATE SOLD.

A. A. Housman the Buyer—Includes 1,000 Acres Near Babylon, L. I.

Arthur A. Housman, the broker, yesterday confirmed the report that he has bought the country seat of the late Austin Corbin, about two miles north of Babylon, L. I. The property, which is known as Forest Farm, contains 1,000 acres, of which part is under cultivation and part laid out as a forest preserve. There are several ponds on the estate stocked with fish. Mr. Housman will continue to use the villa which he has at West Islip as his summer residence, and will utilize his new purchase as a stock farm. The two estates are within a mile and a quarter of each other.

Married by Rosy the Lawyer.

Haman Ross, a painter, and Sarah Finesilver, a clock finisher, both of Madison street, were married in the Ludlow Street Jail yesterday afternoon by Rosy the Lawyer. The bridegroom was 40 years old and the bride 18. The girl brought an action for \$10,000 damages for breach of contract against Ross in the City Court two days ago and Ross was arrested and committed to jail on an order issued by Judge Delehanty.

RYAN'S WORK FOR SCANNELL.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT'S REPAIR CHIEF ON TRIAL.

He's Accused, Among Other Things, of Making Dog Collars and Repairing Carriages for Scannell at the City's Expense—Laxity in Bookkeeping.

The trial of Patrick F. Ryan, chief of construction and repair in the Fire Department, against whom ten charges covering a variety of irregularities have been made, was begun before Fire Commissioner Sturges yesterday. The charges were drawn and preferred by Deputy Chief Charles D. Purry at the order of Commissioner Sturges. In effect they say that Ryan, between 1898 and the first of the present year, permitted the men in his department to do private work for former Commissioner Scannell and Chief Croker, that false entries were made in his books, that irregular overtime charges were allowed by him, that he purchased inferior materials, and that the use of fire hose was allowed to private individuals at the Polo Grounds and other places.

The trial of these charges was held over until Chief Croker had gone on his vacation, but the Chief surprised everybody by appearing at the trial and staying through the entire proceedings, though he took no part in them.

John H. Allen, chief examiner for the Commissioner of Accounts, testified that he had made an examination of the books of Ryan's department and that they showed a great deal of work done by department employees for Scannell and Croker. The books, he said, showed that several dog muzzles and collars had been made for Scannell.

In the wheelwright and paint shop twelve vehicles, including a blue and red runabout, a speed wagon, a landau, a top-buggy, a victoria, a limousine, a touring car, a car and a sleigh had been repaired, but so far as the witness could learn only the tourabout, the sleigh and the sleigh belonged to the department. The witness said that neither Scannell nor Croker had ever made any payments to the department for this work.

Allen further declared that the mutilated condition of Ryan's books had hindered his work. Asked to explain, he said that in volume 21 of the harness shop record the pages from 477 to 506 had been torn out. To the best of his knowledge, he said, he obtained a part of Scannell's account with the department. No explanation was offered as to their removal. Mr. Sturges did not press the point.

Allen told of numerous instances of overtime charges which had resulted in double pay for the men. On one Saturday he found that six men in the harness department had worked six hours overtime and had received twelve hours' pay for it. Later Allen said that from Jan. 1, 1898, \$5,754 had been paid out for overtime in the repair shop. He testified that the books were kept in poor shape. He quoted one record which showed that it took a wheeling gang two and a half hours to get to a location street and fifteen minutes to return.

James Dixon, an expert carriage maker, testified that the wood bought for use in the repair shop was poor quality and was as poor a lot of timber as he had ever seen. William K. Heslek, foreman of the repair department under the Strong administration, testified that the department, said that the wood was put away without inspection. He regarded the stuff as below first-class. The prices paid for it, he said, were above market prices.

Ryan, who was represented by Delos McCurdy, pleaded not guilty to all the charges. The hearing will be adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

FROM WASHINGTON TO WEDDING.

The Quick and Serviceable Change Accomplished by Policemen—Evangelist Lowe.

Policeman Herbert Lowe of the Ralph avenue station, Brooklyn, left his work of cleaning the patrol wagon on Thursday night to marry Edwin R. Seymour, 28 years old, and Miss Anne Sarah Crouche, 26 years old, both of 788 Madison street, Brooklyn. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.

The young couple were out walking on Thursday evening with Mrs. Seymour. Mrs. Seymour informed Miss Crouche of her intention to give up housekeeping and go to Philadelphia to live with her father. The bride lived in the same building.



Here till twelve to help you out, with clothes, shoes, hats and furnishings—man or boy. Then we get out—half holiday.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
258 Broadway, cor. Warren, opposite City Hall.
400 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 145 Ave.
1200 Broadway, cor. 23d, and 54 West 53d St.

BIG PROFIT IN CIGAR FRAUDS.

Club Stewards and Others Get From 25 Cents to a Dollar for the Empty Boxes—Penalty Heavy in Proportion—It's \$100 Fine and a Year in Jail a Box.

Dealing in cheap cigars in imported cigar boxes from which the revenue and customs stamps have not been removed has been a prosperous business, according to the Internal Revenue officers who arrested Morgan Marshall on Thursday. The offices of Frank G. Thompson of the service, at 150 Nassau street, were piled high with cigar boxes yesterday. He had between 5,000 and 6,000 boxes taken from the loft at 290 Broadway and from Marshall's store at Broadway and Chambers street.

Mr. Thompson said that while arrests for this violation of the law took place from time to time, the revenue officers never had made a capture as important as this, for the number of boxes found showed that the business had been conducted on a wholesale basis.

"We have learned that a number of fashionable New York clubs, besides restaurants and saloons, and not a few cigar stores, have been selling their imported cigar boxes at a good profit, while the buyers have been getting a far higher profit," said Mr. Thompson.

"The club committees, of course, knew nothing of this violation of the law. The traffic in the boxes was carried on by the stewards or other employees. Clubs use a good proportion of imported cigars. The buyers of old boxes pay from 25 cents to a dollar for boxes, according to the brand of cigars. The enforcement of the law is a good deal of trouble."

"See how the cigar dealer profits. He takes domestic cigars, which he can buy for \$60 or \$70 a thousand, dumps them into the imported boxes and sells them for \$155 to \$160 a thousand. A box of fifty cigars, for which he pays \$3.50 and sells for \$8 or \$9, will bring him a profit of \$4 or \$5. On each thousand of cigars sold in the city, the Government is defrauded of about \$5,000. On the sale of domestic cigars in the 5,000 boxes which were seized yesterday the profit of the dealer would exceed \$20,000."

"The penalty for having in one's possession a cigar box on which the stamp has not been cancelled is \$100 fine and a year in prison. The enforcement of the full penalty on the man we arrested yesterday if convicted would mean upward of 5,000 years in prison."

"The revenue officers on the boxes show the vessel by which the cigars came to the United States and the date of entry. It is comparatively easy for the Internal Revenue officers to trace the packages and, by ascertaining who handled the genuine cigars, thus find the person who has sold the boxes with uncanceled stamps. This is now being done."

NEW HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS.

Building in The Bronx Nearing Completion—More Money Needed.

The new building of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless at Woodchester avenue and 122d street, which is being built with the proceeds of the sale of the society's old property on East Twenty-ninth street and a number of private subscriptions, is rapidly nearing completion. The building, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy early in September.

The building is a nearly fireproof as possible. The exterior is of grayish white brick, trimmed with white stone and terra cotta. In the basement are to be dining rooms, kitchens, storerooms and offices for those who have the care of the outdoor pool. On the first floor are the schoolrooms and the gymnasium. The second and third floors are given up to dormitories, indoor playrooms and toilet rooms. In the toilet rooms are a score of bathtubs and showers.

On the fourth floor are the servants' quarters, large playrooms and rooms for gymnastic and manual-training work. There is also a quarantine room for children who have been exposed to infection. The whole building has eighty-three rooms, twenty toilets, ten storerooms and thirty-nine closets. The architect is William B. Tuthill, 120 West 42d street, New York.

The construction of the building and also furnished the children's playrooms. Mrs. Stokes and Miss Olivia Stokes are to furnish the chapel, and Mr. Tuthill the gymnasium. Other gifts have pretty well filled up the rooms of the home, but there are still two boys' dormitories, one girls' dormitory, a dining room, a kitchen and other rooms to be furnished. A thousand dollars is needed. The following committee to secure needed subscriptions has been appointed: Mrs. F. M. Weeks, Mrs. G. B. Lytle, Mrs. C. A. Edwards and Mrs. David McGinley. Gifts for furnishing may be sent to the treasurer, Mrs. S. F. Hallock, at the society's temporary offices, Room 514, United Charities Building, 105 East Twenty-second street.

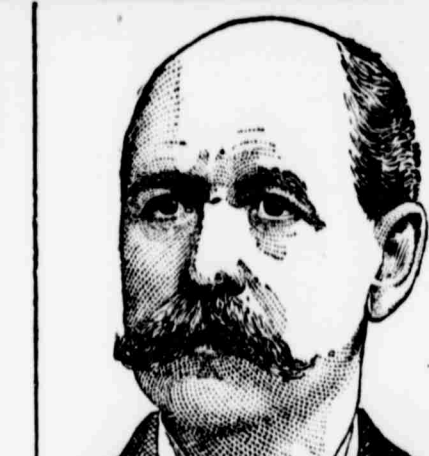
A WIDOW AUNT RESTRAINED.

Forbidden to Sell Shares of Company Her Nephew Is Charged With Defrauding.

Supreme Court Justice Dickey in Brooklyn yesterday granted an injunction restraining Mrs. Mary D. Liscum from parting with twenty shares of stock of the Union Cooperative Building and Loan Association. The application was made by "Floors of the association. This action arose out of the disappearance of John E. Lovely, the secretary of the association, who is under indictment for stealing \$10,000 of the funds of the corporation.

Lovely was the nephew of Emerson H. Liscum, who died on July 13, 1900. Mrs. Liscum, the widow, is the aunt of Lovely. Mrs. Lovely says that her husband left home a June, saying that he was going to Philadelphia on business. She says that he never drank nor smoked, and that he had no vices.

There is more fun in the "comics" combined.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas made and sold men's Good Year Well Hand Sewed Process shoes in the first six months of 1902 than any other manufacturer in the world.

\$10,000 REWARD will be paid to any one who can disprove this statement. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are worn by more men in all stations of life than any other make, because they are the only \$3.50 shoes that in every way equal those costing \$5.00 and \$6.00. They are the standard of the world. These are the reasons W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

1899, Total Sales \$1,103,820.00
First Six Months \$2,340,000.00
1902, Total Sales \$1,103,820.00
First Six Months \$2,340,000.00

The best imported and American leathers, Healy Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Goat, Kid, Kangaroo and National Kangaroo. BOYS' SHOES, \$2.00. YOUTHS', \$1.75. East color styles used exclusively.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on the bottom. Shoes by mail, 25 cts. extra. Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, 28 Brockton, Mass.

NEW YORK STORES: 229 Broadway, 238 Broadway, 433 Broadway, 733-735 Broadway, 733 Broadway, 202 Third Avenue, 201 West 14th Street, 774 Third Avenue, 645 Eighth Avenue. 65 Nassau Street, 706-710 Broadway, 1801 Broadway, 1801 Broadway, 404 Fifth Avenue, JERSEY CITY, 25 Newark Avenue, NEWARK, 785 Broad Street.

CHANCES FOR MANY PASTORS.

AN UNUSUAL NUMBER OF HIGH-SALARIED PLACES VACANT.

Deaths and Resignations Have Left Vacant Pastorate Which Pay From \$2,000 to \$10,000 a Year—The Successor to Dean Hoffman Will Receive \$9,000.

A large number of important pastorates and other clerical positions in New York and Brooklyn are vacant this summer, more than at any one time in recent years, and as most of them will be filled between now and the first of January, the city will see fifteen or more clergymen come to take places paying from \$2,000 to \$10,000 a year.

One of the most important places vacant in the Episcopal Church is the Deanship of the General Theological Seminary, to which an appointment is likely to be made next month. The late Dean Hoffman received no salary, but it is believed that his successor will receive \$7,000 or \$8,000 annually.

The rectorate of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, is the most important vacancy on Long Island. The place is said to pay \$10,000 a year. Grace Church, Brooklyn, is also in need of a rector, owing to the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Frederick Burgess, who was elected Bishop of Long Island. His successor will receive from \$6,000 to \$8,000 a year. Episcopal vacancies in Manhattan include the vicarage of St. Agnes Chapel, Trinity parish, about \$5,000 a year; the rectorate of the Church of the Epiphany, about \$3,000 annually; and the rectorate of St. Mary's Church, Mont Haven, and the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, each about \$1,500.

Temple Emanuel-EI has been looking for a principal rabbi for over a year to succeed Dr. Gottheil, now rabbi emeritus, and the proper man is found he will receive, it is said, \$12,000 a year. The pastor of the Church of the Divine Paternity, the largest Universalist organization in the city, is vacant. Dr. Eaton's successor will receive about \$6,000 a year.

An important Baptist post, although not a pastorate, was made vacant by the death of the Rev. Dr. Thomas J. Morgan, corresponding secretary of the American Baptist Home Mission Society. The salary is about \$5,000 a year. There are two vacant Baptist pastorates in New York, that of the Second Avenue Church and that of the Riverside Church. The former pays \$3,500 and the latter \$2,000 a year. There is but one Congregational vacancy to be filled, and that is one of the most important Congregational pastorates in the country. The resignation of the Rev. Dr. Robert R. Meredith from the Tompkins Avenue Church, Brooklyn, will take effect Jan. 1. It is likely that his successor will receive \$8,000.

Gentleman Burglar Gets Ten Years. WINDSOR, Vt., Aug. 15.—Former Representative Clarence Adams, the so-called "gentleman burglar" of Chester, who for more than twenty years had plundered mills, stores and dwellings in his home village, was sentenced yesterday to serve a sentence of not less than nine nor more than ten years.

Crushed to Death in Elevator. James C. Casey of 101 East Fifty-second street, a hostler employed in the stables of the Adams Express Company at Thirty-ninth street and Park avenue, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon while ascending on one of the lifts. Just as he was approaching a floor he leaned over the edge so that his head was caught between the lift and the floor.

The Weather. Fair weather prevailed quite generally over the country yesterday, save for heavy local thunderstorms in Iowa, which left in places more than two inches of rainfall. There were also a few scattered showers in Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota and on the south Carolina coast.

The pressure was high over the Lake region and on the Pacific Coast; elsewhere moderately low. The temperature was higher in the Atlantic States and Northwest and lower in most of the other districts.

It should be slightly cooler here to-day and Sunday, with north to northeast winds. For New England, fair in north, showers in south portions to-day; showers to-morrow; fresh east to northeast winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, local rains to-day and to-morrow; variable winds, mostly fresh east or southeast.

For western Pennsylvania and western New York, showers to-day and to-morrow; fresh northeast winds.

Forecast—Sun's 1